

Symmetry-Protected Topological Order

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1. Motivation. Recapitulation of concepts from field theory and differential geometry
 - 1.1. Outline of topological concepts in quantum information science, electronics and quantum materials to be discussed in this lecture course
 - 1.2. Basic ideas about differential geometry and Riemannian manifolds.
 - 1.3. Path integral formulation of quantum mechanics and quantum field theory
Exercise: Bosonic coherent states

2. Topological terms and path integral: 0+1 space-time dimension
 - 2.1. Spin coherent states and path integral for a single spin
 - 2.1. Summary of types of topological terms
Exercise: Path integral for a particle on a flux-threaded ring

3. Topological terms and path integral: D+1 space-time dimensions
 - 3.1. D = 1: Antiferromagnetic spin chain, Haldane conjecture
 - 3.2. Spin-1 chain with open boundary conditions, AKLT solution. Outlook on Matrix-Product states and DMRG
 - 3.3. Definition of symmetry protected topological order in D _ 1

4. Kramers Wannier duality and Wegner's Z₂ gauge theory
 - 4.1. 1D transverse field Ising model – order and disorder operators. Kramers Wannier (self-) duality
 - 4.2. 2D transverse field Ising model – order and disorder operators, Wegner's Z₂ gauge theory. De-confinement
 - 4.3. Z₂ gauge theory with matter and duality to the toric code
Exercise: 1D clock models, order and disorder operators, lattice parafermions

5. The toric code
 - 5.1. Soluble limit of the toric code: deconfining ground state as in Wegner's Z₂ gauge theory
 - 5.2. e, m and ε excitations in the toric code. Exchange statistics
 - 5.3. Definitions of topological order
Exercise: ZN toric code

6. Fractionalized and orthogonal Fermi liquids
 - 6.1. Luttinger-Oshikawa theorem
 - 6.2. Fractionalized Fermi liquids and orthogonal Fermi liquids
 - 6.3. Fermi surface reconstruction without symmetry breaking

7. Kitaev's honeycomb model
 - 7.1. Exact solution, gapped and gapless phases.
 - 7.2. Application of magnetic field
 - 7.3. Discussion of candidate materials (RuCl₃ and iridates)
– Exercise: Topology of Bloch states in the gapped phase

8. (Non-Abelian) Anyons and 16-fold way
 - 8.1. General concepts: Fusion rules, quantum dimensions, exchange matrices, braiding

- 8.2. Illustrative examples: Ising and Fibonacci anyons
- 8.3. Kitaev 16-fold way classification
- 8.4. Outlook to topological quantum computation